



# Foundational Literacy Skills

Oct 29, 2024

9:00am - 3:00

\*Handouts available at - popey.ca/workshop-resources

Connect with us online!



(O) @popeybc

Presenter: Calico Clark







# POPEY's Mandate

POPEY's current mandate is to support K-3 literacy instruction within inclusive classroom settings.

POPEY provides services and supports to:

- Primary educators in B.C. public school districts.
- Group I and II independent schools.
- Non-Independent First Nations Schools.

Support is delivered through online and in-person workshops, resources, and provincial networking.

We have one to two district partners in each district, often in senior roles supporting literacy.

We meet with district partners to discuss the district's goals, strengths, and needs in relation to K-3 literacy instruction. We collaborate and co-plan workshops with these stakeholders.





## POPEY - Who we are and what we do

Background and history of POPEY:

- ★ POPEY is one of ten Provincial Outreach Programs (POPs), funded by the Ministry of Education and Child Care
- ★ For the past 10 years, POPEY has supported B.C.'s 60 districts with K-3 literacy resources and workshops
- ★ Changed from POPEI to POPEY in 2018



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# POPEY's Approach

POPEY shares research and knowledge around how we learn to read, the reading brain, and the foundational skills that support learning to read and write.

In workshops, POPEY offers a collection of evidence—based strategies for teachers to consider.

Teaching reading is not a one—size fits all model — no two districts are the same, just as no two students are the same.

POPEY meets teachers where they are at.

We invite teachers to consider implementing evidence—based instructional techniques to ensure literacy success for their diverse learners





# POPEY's Rural Residency Program

POPEY has developed a Rural Residency Program over the last five years. This allows us to:

- \* Support rural and remote districts with nine days of in-district support, demonstration lessons, co-teaching, collaboration, planning, and professional learning sessions over three weeks throughout a school year.
- \* Build trust and relationships within districts.
- \* Spend time with teachers and students in their own classrooms, communities, and local rural context
- ★ Provide ongoing instructional supports and relational learning opportunities throughout the school year.





# Looking Forward

POPEY & the K-12 Literacy Supports Initiative:

- ★ POPEY continues to be committed to our existing mandate to support all 60 school districts with K-3 literacy resources.
- ★ POPEY has increased our team in order to directly support school districts with this initiative and its K-12 scope.
- ★ Based on the results of the provincial scan, the POPEY team will support the assessment and screening tools that are being used widely across the province.




# De-mystifying the Science of Reading

The Science of Reading Is NOT:

- · An ideology or philosophy
- A fad, trend new idea or pendulum swing
- A political agenda
- A one-size-fits-all approach
- A program of instruction
- A single, specific component of instruction such as phonics

Science of Reading Defining Guide



# De-mystifying the Science of Reading

The Science of Reading Is:

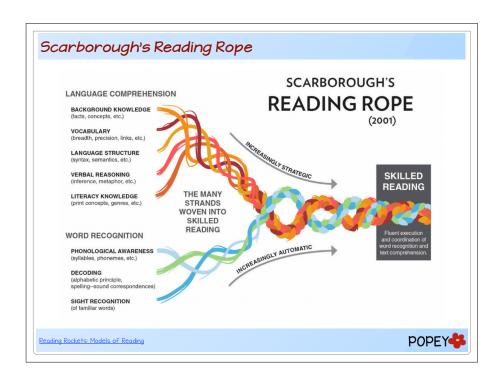
A vast, interdisciplinary body of scientifically—based research about reading and issues relate to reading and writing

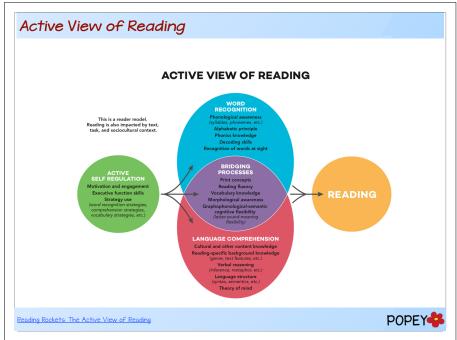
The research has been conducted over the last five decades across the world, and it is derived from thousands of studies conducted in multiple languages. The science of reading has culminated in a preponderance of evidence to inform how proficient reading and wring develop; why some have difficulty; and how we can most effectively assess and teach and, therefore, improve student outcomes through prevention of and intervention for reading difficulties.

Science of Reading Defining Guide



The Simple View of D	X LC =  Linguistic Comprehension	RC Reading Comprehension	
Reading Rockets: Models of Reading	Image Credit: UFLI Foundations Manual		POPEY



# Let's unpack together...

At your table groups, take a look at the three representations of reading:

- Notice what is similar
- Notice what is different
- What's new, interesting or affirming to you?

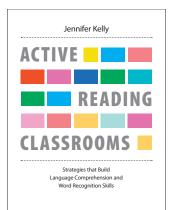
#### It is worth noting that:

All three of these are models/representations of reading, not of reading instruction or learning to read. They describe the process of reading, the abilities on must marshal to read. But they have little to say about what a school district or even a classroom teacher needs to do to raise reading achievement — Shanahan, 2023

Shanahan on Literacy




# The Active View of Reading: How it differs from other models

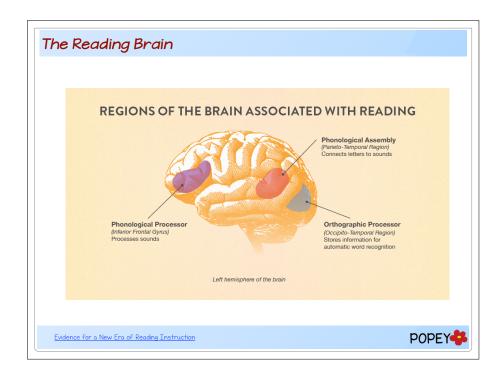


#### Highlighted in Active Reading Classrooms:

- <u>Bridging processes</u> strengthen both word recognition and language
- <u>Self regulation</u> students are not passive participants in reading
- Highlights the importance of cultural knowledge as part of the way we understand language around us

Active Reading Classrooms - Kelly, 2023





# Structured Literacy: an approach that meets the needs to all learners

Structured literacy is:

- an evidence—based instructional approach that
- fosters strong reading and writing instruction for all students
- comprehensive addressing listening,
   speaking, reading, and writing
- characterized by <u>what</u> content is taught and <u>how</u> content is taught



A comprehensive approach that meets the needs of all learners

International Dyslexia Association Ontario




# Structured Literacy: an approach that meets the needs to all learners

WHAT is taught:

- Both foundational skills
  - <u>AND</u>
- Higher—level literacy skills
- Systematic and Cumulative
  - Organized, from simple to complex, follows a scope and sequence

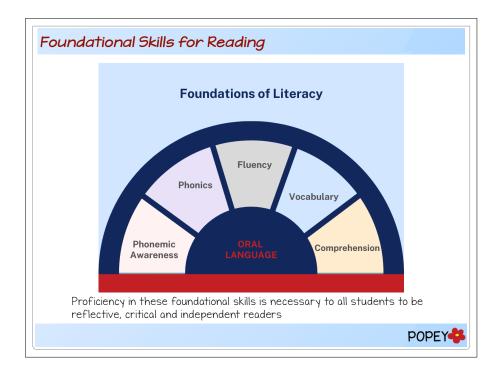
# HOW it is taught

- Explicit
  - Direct instruction
    - "Today we are learning to..."
- Continuous student-teacher interaction
- Not assuming all students can infer concepts
- Careful and considered practice
- Prompt and specific feedback (corrective if needed)

I Do. We Do. You Do.

International Dyslexia Association Ontario





# Over nearly four decades of research, "phonemic awareness has consistently been found to be the strongest precursor to, and predictor of, reading achievement" (Kenner, et al). Phonological Awareness Syllabication Sentence Awareness Phonemic Awareness Phonemic Awareness

·

#### Phonemic Awareness: Instruction

#### Keep in mind:

- Short and frequent sessions
- Focus primarily on blending and segmenting (phoneme—level skills)
- Begin to add letters to this work
- Often integrated into phonics lesson



#### Ideas for instructional Strategies:

- Use manipulatives to keep it playful
  - Elkonin boxes + bingo chips
  - Pop It fidget toys
  - Race cars + tracks
  - Unifix cubes
- Encourage gestures
  - Hand choppers
  - Tap down arm
  - Finger/thumb tap
- Word Chains build phonemic awareness and phonics skills at the same time

7 Mighty Moves - Kemeny, 2023



# Letter Sound Recognition & Alphabetic Principle

Alphabet recognition and phonemic awareness are the two best predictors of early reading success. Blevins states that "these skills open the gate for reading" (2017).





A Fresh Look at Phonics - Blevins, 2016



Letter Sound Recognition	on & Alphabetic Principle
How many word can you make fro letters:	m these
s, m, t, d, l	"When a child memorizes ten words, they can only read ten words. If a child learns the sounds of ten
VS	letters, they will be able to read:
s, m, a, t, d	350 three-sound words, 4,320 four-sound words and 21,650 five-sound words".
Ü	Dr Wartin Kozloff
	POPEY•

#### Quick Share

Turn and talk at you table groups:

- What are you currently doing to develop phonemic awareness for you students?
- What is one thing you might get started with right away?





# Phonics Mesmer and Griffith (2005) define phonics as "a system for encoding speech sounds into Blends & Digraphs written symbols". Phonics is the way sounds and letters are Multisyllabic connected. Students with phonics knowledge understand the relationship between letters, POPEY4

#### Phonics Instruction



#### HEAR IT

awareness

· name and teach new skill/sound







target skill



**ENCODE IT** 





sentences and decodable passages

The last two steps should be approximately 50% of your lesson time. Blevins states "students progress at a much faster rate in phonics when the bulk of instructional time is spent on applying the skill to authentic reading and writing.




#### Phonics Instruction

#### Keep in mind:

- Systematic: Move from simple to complex
  - Following a scope and sequence
- Explicit: "Today I want to teach you..."
- Keep students engaged by:
  - Inviting student responses
  - Have students come to the board to find a word, highlight a phonics skill in a word

Ideas for instructional Strategies:

- Understand "the code" yourself
- Consider using a Systematic and Explicit phonics program
- White boards will be your best friend!
- Keep lessons lively, and stick to suggested times
- Don't forget to unpack word meaning
- Word sorts

**LEVELED BOOKS\*** AND TOPIC

**LIBRARIES** 

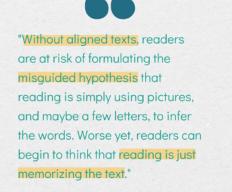
- Word chains
- Try multi sensory methods
- Use Elkonin (sound) boxes to support encoding

7 Mighty Moves - Kemeny, 2023



**TRADE BOOK READ-ALOUDS** 

# Decodable Text: A teaching tool to support phonics instruction



-Shifting the Balance 6 Ways to Bring the Science of Reading into the Balanced Literacy Classroom- Page 141

Shifting the Balance - Burkins & Yates, 2021

Image Credit: Six Shifts Facebook Page



# Decodable Text

Grades 3 and up

Grade 2

Grade 1 **ACCOUNTABLE DECODABLE TEXT** 

**Grade K** 



Important to remember that students need

access to a variety of texts for different

instructional purposes

Choosing and Using Decodable Texts: Practical Tips and Strategies for Enhancing Phonics Instruction - Blevins - 2021




#### Fluency

Fluency refers to the development of three components: accuracy, automaticity and prosody and provides the bridge between word recognition and comprehension (Duke & Cartwright, 2021)

Accuracy refers to identifying or reading letter names/sounds and words correctly.

Automaticity can be considered in two levels:

- word level (ability to read words quickly and effortlessly)
- text level (ability to read connected text including sentences, passages and books quickly and effortlessly)

Prosody refers to a readers natural voice and expression





# **Building Fluency**

Accuracy: we can build accuracy through decoding as part of explicit and systematic phonics instruction.

Automaticity: reading words with automaticity is a result of <u>orthographic mapping</u> (Ehri, 2014). <u>Orthographic mapping</u> is the cognitive process that supports a reader to recognize words instantly as sight words where they no longer need to decode or segment each sound to read a word.

We can build word level automaticity through blending drills and other word reading activities.

Text level automaticity is achieved through reading practice of connected text. Such practice can include repeated reading, choral reading and echo reading.

Prosody is built through teacher modeling of fluent reading during read alouds and can also develop through repeated readings, and activities like readers theatre and Beat the Clock



## **Building Fluency**

#### Keep in mind:

- More than just reading fast
- Don't teach phonics in isolation
- · Avoid "round robin" reading
- Be mindful of how you use independent reading time

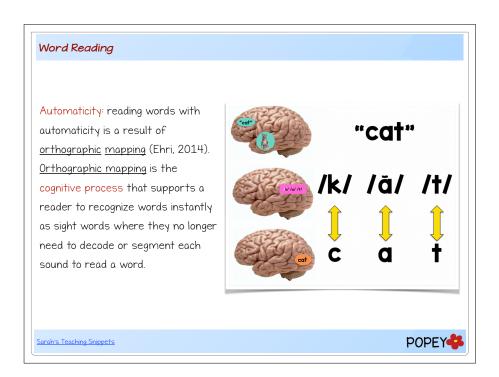


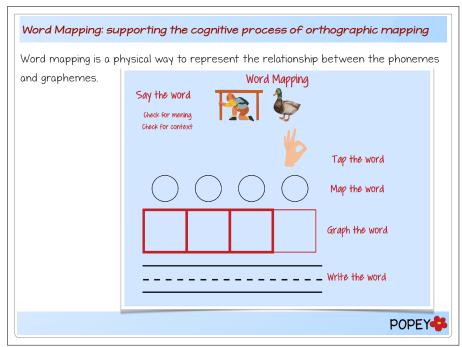
#### Ideas for instructional Strategies:

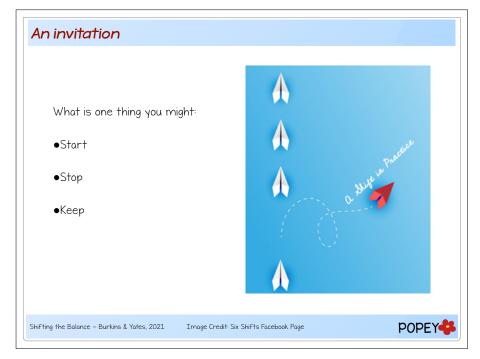
- Remember...fluency is not an isolated skill
  - subskills: phonemic awareness, sound-symbol knowledge, automaticity at letter or word level
- Small Group instruction affords specific, immediate feedback
- Model, model, model!!!
- Whole Group Reading including:
  - Read aloud, cloze reading, choral reading, echo reading
- Partner Reading
- Reader's Theatre
- Beat the Clock Timed Reading
- Repeated Reading

7 Mighty Moves - Kemeny, 2023









#### Sources

#### Books & Articles

Active Reading Classrooms - Kelly, 2023

A Fresh Look at Phonics - Blevins, 2016

Shifting the Balance - Burkins & Yates,

2021

7 Mighty Moves - Kemeny, 2023

## Digital Resources

Maryanne Wolf

Reading Rockets: The Active View of Reading

Reading Rockets: Models of Reading

Beyond the Simple View of Reading

International Dyslexia Association Ontario

Shanahan on Literacy

How We Learn To Read - Harvard Medical School

Evidence for a New Era of Reading Instruction

Sarah's Teaching Snippets



