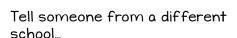


# Shape of the Day

- 9:00-10:15am
- ✓ Check In
- ✓ Reggio—inspired learning activity
- 10:30-12:00pm
  - ✓ Debrief
  - ✓ Presentation of learning from Reggio Emilia
  - ✓ Story Workshop
- 12:45-3:00pm
  - ✓ Continuation of Story Workshop
  - √ Co-planning for demonstration lessons



# Check In





- \* What have you tried in your classroom since our last workshop?
- \* What have you noticed about your students?
- \* What are you still wondering about?





# Introduction to Learning Activity







# Introduction to Learning Activity





Reggio Children International Study Group



# Introduction to Learning Activity

As a team,

First, fill out your observation form answering these two questions for each station:



- \* What can be done here? (As many different ideas as possible)
- \* What new learning can be discovered here? (Be specific as possible)
- \* Identify your 3 most significant ideas

Observe and discuss, but do not touch!

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# Introduction to Learning Activity

Reggio-Inspired Learning Stations Observation Sheet

Station #1	Station #2	Station #3	Station #4
Tap, Tap, Tap book, pipe	Not a Box, blank paper,	Mirror paper, wood pieces, felt	Blackboard, washable chalk,
cleaners, pompoms, animal	pompoms, glass beads, letter	paper, Foxy and Friends felt	felt fabric, Foxy and Friend
pieces	pieces	character, Foxy book	book
What can be done here? (As many different ideas as possible)	What can be done here? (As many different ideas as possible)	What can be done here? (As many different ideas as possible)	What can be done here? (As many different ideas as possible)
What new learning can be discovered here? (Be specific as possible)	What new learning can be discovered here? (Be specific as possible)	What new learning can be discovered here? (Be specific as possible)	What new learning can be discovered here? (Be specific as possible)

POPEY 45
----------

# Continuation of Learning Activity

Next, I will go through your ideas and select one group for each station:



- \* Work on discovering the learning you wrote down
- \* Document your process either with words, photos, or graphics, or a combination

You will present your learning (discoveries) to the rest of us!

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# FOFLI

# Documentation

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\* The Third Educator in the Room



- \* Theory and practice must never be separated, but must always be in dialogue
- \* A system of interactions between the children and the educational experiences
- \* Exhibitions of children's work can allow the space for reflection, perspective taking, and self—evaluation
- \* Helps educators understand <u>how</u> children know and how they organize their knowledge

What are the relations that exist within this space?

POPEY

·

# Reggio Emilia Method



- 2. Democracy
- 3. Relational Learning
- 4. Identity
- 5. Multiple Teachers in the Classroom



Pedagogical processes that puts the rights of children at the centre.

The Rights of Children - focus on the model

Reggio Children International Study Group



# Democracy

- \* Every society builds an idea of what a child is
  - \* Education is an antidote to the wars happening today
  - \* The whole school is a way to activate the rights of the child to represent themselves through many different ways (beyond words although words gain power when connected to other languages).
  - \* Children voices are encouraged and honoured and listened to

Children should speak out on behalf of themselves and their group.



Reggio Children International Study Group

**POPEY** 

# Relational Learning

- \* Social Constructivism is behind all our communication
  - \* We don't need to teach children what they can find out by themselves
  - \* There is responsibility of the educator working with children to bring about the learning and knowledge
  - \* Children learn through social interactions with other children, educators, and the environment

Thinking not about what we are learning, but how we are learning.



Reggio Children International Study Group



# Identity

- \* Each child is unique and valued for their individual identity
  - \* Children are authors of their own learning
  - \* Children already have competencies within them
  - \* Children are asked to show (explicitly) what their reasoning is (evidence)
  - \* Children are given a place to share, to build, to touch their theories with their hands

Pedagogical processes that puts the rights of children at the centre.



Reggio Children International Study Group



# Multiple Teachers in the Classroom

- \* Double the amount of students to have two educators
  - \* There are not separate classrooms for each class, but gathering areas, eating areas, Ateliers, and outdoor areas where children can connect
  - \* Children are with educators for multiple years
  - \* Collaboration of educators lots of discussion

Educators discuss, "what area will allow these children to flourish?"






# School visits

- \* All the schools have similarities in environment
- \* Central area (similar to a piazza)
- \* Lots of glass to show transparency and circulation
- \* No hierarchy between spaces
- \* All spaces are utilized and open for to children
- \* Democratic space for meetings
- \* Atelier the children give shape their ideas

Tidying up doesn't mean putting everything away. It means making decisions about what should be left out and why.



Reggio Children International Study Group



# Math concepts

\* Why is  $12 \times 13 = 156$ 



- \* Describe your strategy visually and orally
- \* Confirm your strategy by testing it out with different numbers



Writing

Reggio Children International Study Group

Math concepts

- \* Children are introduced to the necessity to write through letter writing
  - \* Authentic purpose
  - \* Highly motivating
  - \* Builds classroom community
  - \* Children build their writing skills gradually
  - \* They want to write in 'real' words and strive to learn how



Reggio Children International Study Group



POPEY4

# Reading

- \* Children are introduced to reading through read alouds and research
  - \* Reading letters
  - \* Writing and reading are forms of communication
  - \* Lots of informational texts to inspire theories
  - \* Not limited to 'learning the alphabet'
  - \* A discovery of the rules by which the written code functions (inquiry-based)

"Do you want to read this book? How are you going to do it? What do you need to

know?

The Hundred Languages of Children: The Reggio Emilia Experience in Transformation



# What is Story Workshop?

Adults invite children to imagine, write, edit, revise, publish, and share their stories. Prepared spaces and organized materials inspire and entice children to overflow with thoughts and ideas and memories and imagination.



"Stories are maps of your life." -Kellen, age 4

Story Workshop: New Possibilities for Young Writers - Harris MacKay



# What is Story Workshop?

Story Workshop invites children to show and to tell us what makes sense to them



- ✓ it is grounded in the stories children bring to school real and imagined
- ✓ it encourages writing from those stories
- ✓ it supports children to develop an authentic relationship between their experiences and they way they choose to create and tell stories about them
- ✓ these tellings, in a variety of forms, nurture listening
- ✓ the reciprocity of storytelling and listening allows students to know themselves and each other better
- ✓ students learn that stories help us find each other, and that writing is a powerful tool for connection



# Why Story Workshop?

Story Workshop helps teachers work with students who exclaim they have nothing to write about during writing workshop.



#### Students start to understand that they:

- \* can be curious about the environment around them
- \* are competent communicators
- \* have important stories to tell
- \* can make connections to other people's stories
- \* have big emotions they can explore and share with others

Story Workshop is the confluence of meaning—making, play, and the arts.

Story Workshop: New Possibilities for Young Writers - MacKay



# The Five Elements of Story Workshop

#### Preparation

organizing materials and environments specifically designed to support both the children's story creation and the teacher's research

#### Provocation

the whole—group session that begins each story workshop, including a proposal the teacher introduces to the children to engage, sustain, and extend their interests and curiosity

#### Invitation and negotiation

is the transition between provocation and creation; intended to support each child with a plan to get started

#### Story creation

makes up the bulk of a session of story workshop; a time for using the arts and play as well as writing to make meaning, to imagine, to create, and to share stories

#### Story sharing

brings closure to story workshop each day, and is a time for building community through story and reflection

Story Workshop: New Possibilities for Young Writers - Harris MacKay



# Story Workshop & Provocations



☆What story can these colours tell?

Opal School: Why Story Workshop?



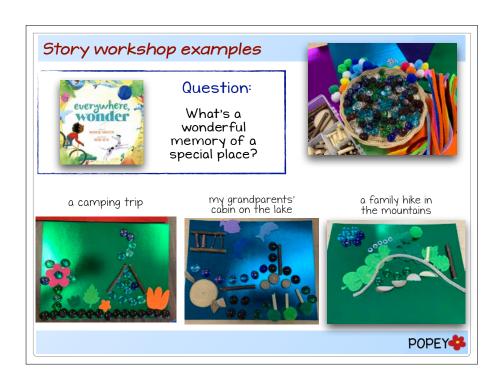
# Loose Parts as Provocations in Story Workshop



When children interact with loose parts, they enter a world of "what if" that promotes the type of thinking that leads to problem solving and theoretical reasoning. Loose parts enhance children's ability to think imaginatively and see solutions, and they bring a sense of adventure and excitement to children's play.

-Daly & Beloglovsky in Loose Parts: Inspiring Play in Young Children







Graphic Organizer - Story Elements				
Characters	Setting			
Problem	Solution			
Documenting story creation and building a bridge to writing POPEY				


# Story making is world making

What three words do you feel are most important when it comes to supporting your students as story tellers and world makers?

Equity	Inventiveness	Meaning making	Creativity
Voice	Innovation	Emotional literacy	Generosity
Agency	Problem solving	Compassion	Норе
Empathy	Leadership	Humour	Care
Collaboration	Engagement	Interdependence	Power
Listening	Vision	Perspective taking	Uncertainty
Imagination	Trust	Community	Reading
Inquiry	Play	Connection	Writing
Curiosity	Art	Flexibility	Self-efficacy

What questions do these words inspire you to ask?

Discuss & share your three words with your table group

Adapted from: Story Workshop: New Possibilities for Young Writers - Harris MacKay



# I Hear You. Forest Kallie George \* Carmen Mick POPEY

# Using mentor texts to launch story workshop

Questions: If you listen carefully, what have you heard the forest say? What do your senses tell you?

Think about 2-3 things you've noticed, heard, or learned about - in the forest - on a hike, a walk, or while camping.

#### Sharing — oral storytelling

-Choose one of your things to describe, and share a brief description with your table group

# Finding & Creating Stories — loose parts

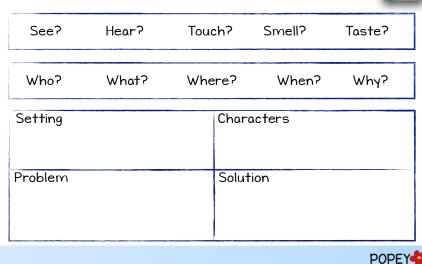
- -Using the loose parts available, tell your story
- -Take a picture if you want to document it

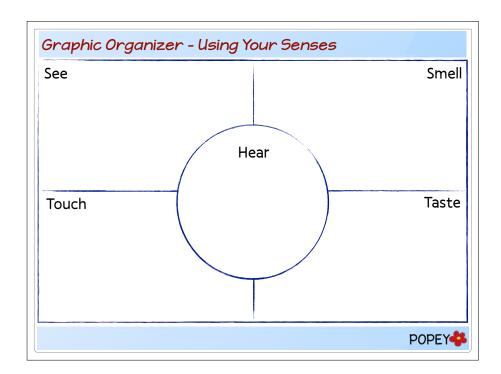


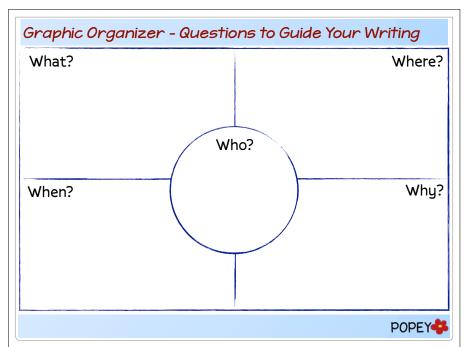


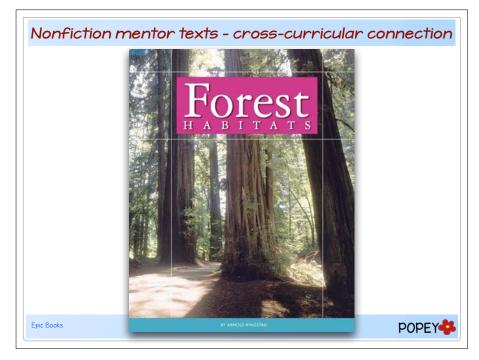
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Documenting story creation and building a bridge to writing...





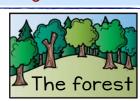




# Graphic Organizer -

#### "What is this book teaching me?"

# Topic



#### **WOW Facts!**

**Questions?** 

- √ Forests cover 1/3 of the land on Earth
- ✓ Deciduous forests are the only type with four seasons
- ✓ Animals can eat plants or other animals

## Vocabulary & Key Words

- ✓ canopy
- ✓ boreal
- √ coniferous √ deciduous
- ✓ precipitation
- √ equator
- ✓ What do different types of forests look like? ✓ undergrowth
  - ✓ What plants & animals live in the forest?
  - √ What adaptations do animals use?

Living things have life cycles adapted to their environment - Grade 2 Science

Living things are diverse, can be grouped, and interact with their ecosystems - Grade 3 Science

All living things sense and respond to their environment - Grade 4 Science



#### Reflect, Connect & Discuss - fiction and nonfiction

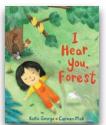
#### Questions:

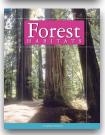
If you listen carefully, what have you heard the forest say? What do your senses tell you?

What plants and animals live in a forest?

How do forests change over the seasons? Do all forests change?

How do these books build on your thinking and ideas, and what forest stories do you want to tell?







# Doing a Gallery Walk

Gallery Walks allow children to see themselves and their peers as sources of knowledge who can guide and shape their own and their peers' learning.



Gallery Walks that share work in progress enable children to look at and learn from the work of their peers, and to offer feedback to each other on how to move forward - a benefit to both the creator and the viewer

Gallery Walks give young people the opportunity to develop their abilities to offer, accept, and negotiate different points of view, and to become more comfortable with the sometimes—sensitive topic of assessment

Opal School - Gallery Walks





Children don't make stories so they can learn how to write.

They learn how to write so they can tell stories.



#### The Power of Questions

Story workshop is a structure and approach that supports language and literacy development. Adults work alongside children as they explore prepared environments and experiences and share stories.

#### Together with our students, we wonder...

Where do stories live?

What stories do I want the world to hear?

What stories do I need to tell?

How do stories influence me and our community?

How do my stories become part of my community, and how do the stories of others in my community become a part of me?

Story Workshop: New Possibilities for Young Writers - Harris MacKay



# The power & expansiveness of a thoughtfully crafted question

What stories live within...?

What do you notice when...?

What do you wonder about...?

What is the relationship between...?

What are the connections between...?

What happens when...?

How do these materials help you think about...?

Where do we see \_\_\_\_\_ in the world?

A beautiful question shapes a beautiful mind. -poet David Whyte

Questions from: Thinking Alongside Materials to Explore Numeracy & Place-Conscious Education: presentation by Matthew McBride, SFU, VSB



# The Five Elements of Story Workshop

#### Preparation

organizing materials and environments specifically designed to support both the children's story creation and the teacher's research

#### Provocation

the whole-group session that begins each story workshop, including a proposal the teacher introduces to the children to engage, sustain, and extend their interests and curiosity

#### Invitation and negotiation

is the transition between provocation and creation; intended to support each child with a plan to get started

#### Story creation

makes up the bulk of a session of story workshop, a time for using the arts and play as well as writing to make meaning, to imagine, to create, and to share stories

#### Story sharing

brings closure to story workshop each day, and is a time for building community through story and reflection




# Preparation

#### There are two kinds of preparation:

#### 1. Setting intentions and documenting

Getting ourselves ready to LISTEN to children, meet them where they are, and learn alongside them

#### 2. The physical space

Organizing a physical environment that supports research, relationship, and the construction of meaningful language and literacy.

"We are preparing ourselves for stories"

# Writing Workshop Connection

interesting paper, journals, good writing materials, staplers, tape, interesting office supplies, stapled blank books, clipboards, alphabet charts, personal dictionaries, folders...

Story Workshop: New Possibilities for Young Writers - Harris MacKay



#### Provocation

#### Invite children to play with ideas

 offering a proposal to children to engage, sustain, and extend their interests and curiosity as they begin the workshop



- like mini—lessons in writers' workshop they both ready the children to use their independent time constructively
- a kind of prediction that a teacher makes a hunch about what will spark and sustain children's curiosity

It's like a game of ball toss between teacher and children.

# Example & Context:

longer term learning goal: becoming more familiar with literary nonfiction in order to inspire students' own writing

smaller goal: exploring the topic of forests

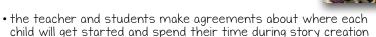
Story Workshop: New Possibilities for Young Writers - Harris MacKay



# **Invitation & Negotiation**

#### Overview & Expectations

• giving a daily overview of the materials available



- the teachers check in, listen, nudge, encourage, and hold children accountable each day
- the child and their work meets up with the teacher and their research, in genuine relationship and authentic inquiry

It's a moment to play with each child individually

# Writing Workshop Connection:

transitioning to independent work teachers take care to help children focus as they head to work; children may be asked to state an intention before they head to work

Story Workshop: New Possibilities for Young Writers - Harris MacKay



# What invitation and negotiation sounds like

- · What's your plan? What are you working on?
- Where will you find your story?
- · What part of your story are you working on?
- What materials are you going to use? What tools do you need?
- You used blocks yesterday and got stuck. What new material might help you get unstuck today?
- · How will you capture your story?
- Would you like to start by telling a friend what you've got so far?
- · What are you struggling with and how can I help you?
- · What will you do if you get stuck?





# Story Creation

Independent work time devoted to using the arts, play, and writing to make meaning



- children play with materials (including art media), talk to each other, and tell and write stories
- teachers work with small groups and individuals, as they explore patterns, connections, and relationships through the arts and play
- young authors construct and share meaning to make sense of their relationship to the world through story

Teachers create the conditions that promote 'relaxed alertness'

# Writing Workshop Connection:

teachers use children's own writing to teach writing skills and strategies; children are invited to write like readers and read like writers; children gain important skills through writing and then reading their own words

Story Workshop: New Possibilities for Young Writers - Harris MacKay



# Supporting Children Through Story Creation

When talking with children about their stories, use supportive language...

- Can you tell me more about ...?
- I notice...
- That reminds me of...
- · Your story makes me feel...
- I wonder... (where that idea came from, what will happen next, how that character felt)
- What would you like to do next?
- How do you plan to capture that story?
- What tools do you need?
- I look forward to hearing more!

Story Workshop: New Possibilities for Young Writers - Harris MacKay



# Asking the right questions...

It's a small shift, but reframing our thinking from:

What can I learn ABOUT trees, plants, animals, land, water....

to:

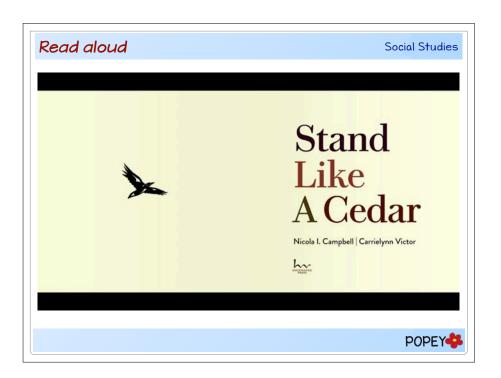
What can I learn FROM trees, plants, animals, land, water... is a powerful step towards a deeper connection to — and respect for — all living entities.



Workshop by David Osorio & Krista Spence, Dr. Eric Jackman Institute of Child Study Lab School, OISE, University of Toronto Transforming Students' Perspectives of the Natural World Through Land-Based Learning



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# Connecting story workshop to Social Studies

#### Questions:

What can I learn from Indigenous peoples about respecting diversity, including respecting ourselves, plants, animals, and the land?

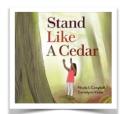
What can I learn FROM trees, plants, animals, land, water...?

#### Sharing - oral connections

-Choose **one** of your noticings or takeaways from the book and share it with your table group

#### Finding & Creating Stories - loose parts

- -Using the loose parts available, tell your story
- -Take a picture if you want to document it



Indigenous knowledge is passed down through oral history, traditions, and collective memory.

Indigenous societies throughout the world value the well-being of the self, the land, spirits, and ancestors.



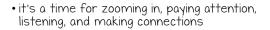
# What? Stand Where?

Who?
When?
Why?

**POPEY** 

# Story Sharing

Each session of story workshop ends with a whole-group reflection on the work that happened during story creation





 it's a journey to explore the territory of understanding, imagination, curiosity, and empathy

# Writing Workshop Connection: Author's Chair

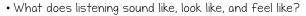
one child sharing a piece of writing, sometimes to get feedback from peers (compliments, questions, or suggestions); or a few children are asked to share what they tried in their own writing; or small groups or pairs share with each other from their ongoing work



# Engaging in story sharing by focusing on connection

It takes time to learn to listen deeply. We can ask questions like:

- Who was reminded of their own story?
- · What pictures did you make in your mind?
- What are you wondering?
- How did the story make you feel?
- Do you have any connections?
- What inspired you?



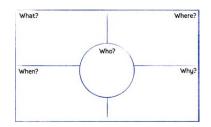
- · How do you feel when someone listens to you?
- What do you do when you get stuck?
- Why do people tell stories?

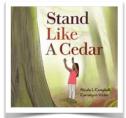
Story Workshop: New Possibilities for Young Writers - Harris MacKay



# Story Sharing - share your graphic organizers

At your tables, take turns sharing what you wrote on your graphic organizers.





- · How did the story make you feel?
- What connections did you make?
- · What inspired you?
- What might be your next step?



# Using Documentation to Inform Practice

Consider
Intentions:

What is your learning intention? What materials will you need? What provocations will you use? What will you

invite the children to do?

Prepare: What do you want to gather more information about?

What tools will you need? How will you position yourself

to observe with an open mind?

Observe: Capture through notes, writing down children's dialogue,

take photographs to support your memory.

Interpret & Speculate:

What do you notice? What patterns do you see? What evidence do you see that supports your interpretation.

What surprises or confuses you?

What documentation tools work for you? What can support story workshop for you?




# Reflect, Connect & Share

What are you noticing or wondering about, in relation to these five elements of story workshop?

- 1. Preparation
- 2. Provocation
- 3. Invitation & Negotiation
- 4. Story Creation
- 5. Story Sharing



Reflect on the information just shared and connect it with your own personal story workshop experiences, and share your thoughts, questions, ideas etc. with your table group.



#### The Value of Loose Parts

#### Reflect & Discuss

- ✓ promote active learning
- √ deepen critical thinking
- ✓ promote divergent and creative thinking
- ✓ support developmental domains
  - physical development
  - \* social-emotional development
  - \* cognitive development
- √ are developmentally inclusive
- ✓ promote a wide range of play -
  - \* functional play
  - constructive play
  - \* dramatic and symbolic play
- ✓ are sustainable and economically feasible
- support the curriculum -
  - \* math, language/literacy, science, art, dramatic and symbolic play, sensory exploration, movement and music

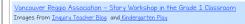
Loose Parts: Inspiring Play in Young Children - Daly & Beloglovsky



Grade 1

# Grade I Students on Story Workshop

- "I like doing lots of things like making cool stories and getting to write and draw, it's fun"—Taylor
- "I like to build stories with my hands" -Luke
- "It's fun to make stories with friends, they help make my story better" – Maeve
- "Because you already have a picture it helps you write." — Ryan
- "Well you make stories with different materials, it helps you to write stories because it gives your brain ideas." — William



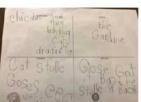






# Kate's Story Workshop





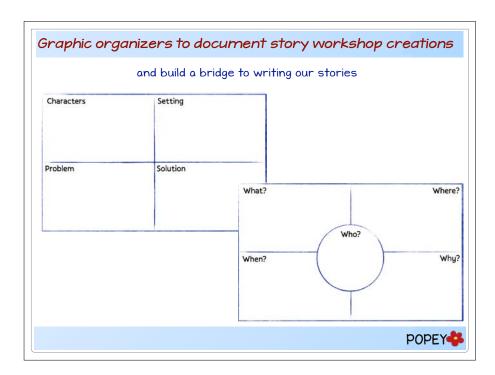


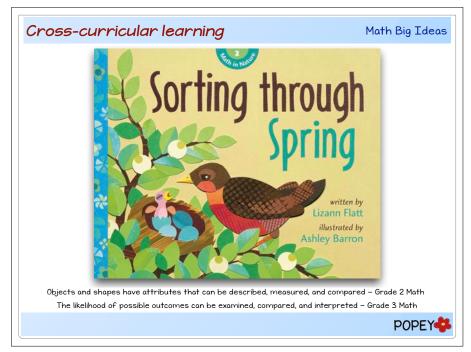
#### The Garden By Kate

Once there was a garden. One night in the garden there was 1 chicken, 1 cat, 1 snake, 1 frog, 1 lady bug, 1 dragon fly. The cat stole the chicken's egg and chicken stole it back.

Vancouver Reggio Association - Story Workshop in the Grade 1 Classroom







# Story workshop and math

#### Questions:

Can you find a Spring story in the loose parts at your table? How might numbers, patterns, or shapes live in this story?

#### Sharing - oral connections

-Choose **one** math connection or takeaway from the book and share it with your table group

#### Finding & Creating Stories - loose parts

- -Using the loose parts available, tell your story
- -Take a picture if you want to document it



Objects and shapes have attributes that can be described, measured, and compared - Grade 2 Math
The likelihood of possible outcomes can be examined, compared, and interpreted - Grade 3 Math
Regular changes in patterns can be identified and represented using tools and tables - Grade 4 Math












# Supporting story workshop connections at home

#### Inspire

- read, view or listen to a
- explore outside using your senses
- learn something new in science, socials, math or any subject
- remember an experience at school, at home, on holidays
- retell how to do something...

#### Create

- Using 'stuff' build a picture to explain your learning
- Move the stuff around to play out the story of your learning
- Play out the learning story one or more times adding stuff or using new stuff.
- Recreate the learning story with paints, pastels, crayons, clay, play—doh, sand, sidewalk chalk...

#### Share

- tell someone the story
- draw the story by copying what you have created
- label the drawing with letters and words
- write a sentence to summarize the story
- · write out the whole story
- video record the story as you play it out

Delta Learns - Story Studio at Home



# Reflections & Next Steps



#### Reflect on the activities & resources shared today:

- ✓ Reggio-inspired literacy activities
- ✓ Story workshop, cross-curricular connections, and big ideas
- Fiction and nonfiction mentor texts to connect to science
- Graphic organizers to bridge story workshop to writing
- ✓ The power of questions to guide our thinking, learning, and storytelling
- √ The five elements of story workshop
- ✓ Narrative nonfiction mentor texts to connect to social studies
- ✓ Story creation, story sharing and documentation
- ✓ Playful learning and the benefits of loose parts
- Story workshop and connections to numeracy

Find a colleague in the room and share what resonated with you, and the ONE thing you're most likely to try in the coming days & weeks.



#### Info Links

# Sources

Opal School: Why Story Workshop?

Invitations to Play - An Introduction to the Reggio Emilia Approach

Vancouver Reggio Association - Story Workshop in the Grade 1 Classroom

Opal School - Translating Ideas Between Different Materials

Habitat Conservation Trust Fund Educational Resources

Opal School - Gallery Walks

Delta Learns - Story Studio at Home

BC Ministry of Education - ELA Curriculum

**BC Early Learning Framework** 

Epic Books

#### **Videos**

J Allair - Kindergarten Story Workshop inspired by Opal School

Opal School: Children on Play & Learning

Rights of Children - North American Reggio Emilia Association (NAREA) Opal School Video - Setting the Table



#### **Books & Presentations**

## Sources

Shifting the Balance - Burkins & Yates

The Hundred Languages of Children: The Reggio Emilia Experience in Transformation

Loose Parts: Inspiring Play in Young Children - Daly & Beloglovsky

Story Workshop: New Possibilities for Young Writers - MacKay

Thinking Alongside Materials to Explore Numeracy & Place—Conscious Education: presentation by Matthew McBride, SFU, VSB

Storytelling and Story-Reading in Early Years - Medlicott

Transforming Students' Perspectives of the Natural World Through Land-Based Learning: Workshop by David Osorio & Krista Spence, Dr. Eric Jackman Institute of Child Study Lab School, OISE, University of Toronto

A Teacher's Guide to Development Across the Day - Wright

